MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION: PROGRESSION MAP FOR FLUENCY, REASONING AND PROBLEM SOLVING

Multiplication and Division: Statutory Requirements and Reasoning (from NCETM)

	MULTIPLICATION & DIVISION FACTS						
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
count in multiples of twos, fives and tens (copied from Number and Place Value)	count in steps of 2, 3, and 5 from 0, and in tens from any number, forward or backward (copied from Number and Place Value)	count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100 (copied from Number and Place Value)	count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000 (copied from Number and Place Value)	count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000 (copied from Number and Place Value)			
	recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers	recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables	recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 × 12				
	Missing numbers 10 = 5 x What number could be written in the box? Making links I have 30p in my pocket in 5p coins. How many coins do I have?	Missing numbers 24 =	Missing numbers 72 =	Missing numbers 6 × 0.9 = × 0.03 6 × 0.04 = 0.008 × Which numbers could be written in the boxes? Making links Apples weigh about 170 g each. How many apples would you expect to get in a 2 kg bag?	Missing numbers 2.4 ÷ 0.3 = x 1.25 Which number could be written in the box? Making links		

		MENTAL CALC	JLATION		
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
		write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods (appears also in Written Methods)	use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together three numbers	multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts	perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers
		Use a fact	Use a fact	Use a fact	Use a fact
		20 x 3 = 60. Use this fact to work out 21 x 3 = 22 x 3 = 23 x 3 = 24 x 3 =	63 ÷ 9 = 7 Use this fact to work out 126 ÷ 9 = 252 ÷ 7 =	$3 \times 75 = 225$ Use this fact to work out $450 \div 6 =$ $225 \div 0.6 =$ To multiply by 25 you multiply by 100 and then divide by 4. Use this strategy to solve $48 \times 25 \qquad 78 \times 25$ 4.6×25	12 × 1.1 = 13.2 Use this fact to work out 15.4 ÷ 1.1 = 27.5 ÷ 1.1 =
	show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot		recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations (appears also in Properties of Numbers)	multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000	associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents (e.g. 0.375) for a simple fraction (e.g. ³ / ₈) (copied from Fractions)
Making links If one teddy has two apples, how many apples will three teddies have? Here are 10 lego people If 2 people fit into the train carriage, how many carriages do we need?	Making links Write the multiplication number sentences to describe this array X X X X What do you notice?	Making links 4 × 6 = 24 How does this fact help you to solve these calculations?	Making links How can you use factor pairs to solve this calculation? 13 × 12 (13 × 3 × 4, 13 × 3 × 2 × 2, 13 × 2 × 6)	Making links 7 x 8 = 56 How can you use this fact to solve these calculations? 0.7 x 0.8 = 5.6 ÷ 8 =	Making links $0.7 \times 8 = 5.6$ How can you use this fact to solve these calculations? $0.7 \times 0.08 = 0.56 \div 8 = 0.6$

Ī	W	/rite the division	40 × 6 =		
ı	se	entences.			
ı			20 x 6 =		
			24 x 6 =		

		WRITTEN	CALCULATION		
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (x), division (÷) and equals (=) signs	write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods (appears also in Mental Methods)	multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout	multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers	multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication
				divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context	divide numbers up to 4-digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate for the context divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context
					use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places (copied from Fractions (including decimals))
Practical	Prove It	Prove It	Prove It	Prove It	Prove It
If we put two pencils in	Which four number sentences	What goes in the missing	What goes in the	What goes in the missing	What goes in the missing box?

	T	I .		I .	
each pencil pot how	link these numbers? 3, 5, 15?	box?	missing box?	box?	
many pencils will we	Prove it.	x			18 4 ÷ 12 = 157
need?		4 80 12	6 x 4 = 512	12 2 ÷ 6 = 212	_
		Prove it.	Prove it.	_	38 5 ÷ 18 = 212.5
		1100011.		14 4 ÷ 7 = 212	
		11	How close can you	11, 117, 112	33 2 ÷ 8 = 421.5
		How close can you get?		22 3 ÷ 7 = 321 r 6	55 2 121.5
			get?	3 + 7 - 321110	38 x 7 = 178.6
		×		222 . 4 12242	30 X
			X 7	323 x 1 = 13243	
		Using the digits 2, 3 and 4	Using the digits 3, 4		Prove it.
		in the calculation above	and 6 in the	Prove it.	
		how close can you get to	calculation above how		Can you find?
		100? What is the largest	close can you get to		Can you find the smallest number that
		product? What is the	4500? What is the		can be added to or subtracted from
		smallest product?	largest product? What		87.6 to make it exactly divisible by
		Smarest products	is the smallest		8/7/18?
			product?		6,7,716.
			producty		

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
			recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations	identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number,	identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers
			(repeated)	and common factors of two numbers.	
				know and use the vocabulary of prime	use common factors to simplify fractions; use
				numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers	common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination
				establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19	(copied from Fractions)
				recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for	calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard
				squared (2) and cubed (3)	units, including centimetre cubed (cm³) and cubic
					metres (m), and extending
					to other units such as mm
					and km ³ (copied from Measures)
Spot the mistake Use a puppet to count but	True or false?	True or false?	Always, sometimes, never?	Always, sometimes, never? Is it always, sometimes or	Always, sometimes, never?
make some deliberate mistakes.	When you count up in tens starting at 5 there will always be 5 units.	All the numbers in the two times table are even.	Is it always, sometimes or never true that an even number that is divisible by 3	never true that multiplying a number always makes it bigger	Is it always, sometimes or never true that dividing a whole number by a half
e.g. 2 4 5 6 10 9 8 6		There are no numbers in the three times table that are	is also divisible by 6.	Is it always, sometimes or	makes the answer twice as big.
See if the pupils can spot the deliberate mistake and		also in the two times table.	Is it always, sometimes or never true that the sum of	never true that prime numbers are odd.	Is it always, sometimes or
correct the puppet			four even numbers is divisible by 4.	Is it always, sometimes or never true that when you multiply a whole number	never true that when you square an even number, the result is divisible by 4
				by 9, the sum of its digits is also a multiple of 9	Is it always, sometimes or never true that multiples of

			7 are 1 more or 1 less than
			prime numbers.
		never true that a square	
		number has an even number	
		of factors.	

	ORDER OF OPERATIONS							
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
					use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations			
					Which is correct? Which of these number sentences is correct? $3 + 6 \times 2 = 15$ $6 \times 5 - 7 \times 4 = 92$ $8 \times 20 \div 4 \times 3 = 37$			

INVERSE OPERATIONS, ESTIMATING AND CHECKING ANSWERS								
Year 1	Year 1 Year 2 Year 3 Year 4 Year 5 Year 6							

	estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers (copied from Addition and Subtraction)	estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation (copied from Addition and Subtraction)		use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy
Use the inverse Use the inverse to check if the following calculations are correct: 12 ÷ 3 = 4 3 x 5 = 14	Use the inverse Use the inverse to check if the following calculations are correct 23 x 4 = 82 117 ÷ 9 = 14	Use the inverse Use the inverse to check if the following calculations are correct: 23 × 4 = 92 117 ÷ 9 = 14	Use the inverse Use the inverse to check if the following calculations are correct: 4321 x 12 = 51852 507 ÷ 9 = 4563	Use the inverse Use the inverse to check if the following calculations are correct: 2346 × 46 = 332796 27.74 ÷ 19 = 1.46
	Size of an answer Will the answer to the following calculations be greater or less than 80 23 × 3= 32 × 3 = 42 × 3 = 36 × 2=	Size of an answer Will the answer to the following calculations be greater or less than 300 152 × 2= 78 × 3 = 87 × 3 = 4 × 74 =	Size of an answer The product of a two digit and three digit number is approximately 6500. What could the numbers be?	Size of an answer The product of a single digit number and a number with two decimal places is 21.34 What could the numbers be?

PROBLEM SOLVING								
Year 1 Year 2 Year 3 Year 4 Year 5 Year 6								

solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher	solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts	solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which n objects are connected to m objects	solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects	solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the	solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division
			,	meaning of the equals sign solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates	solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found (copied from Ratio and Proportion)

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	Know 2×, 5× and 10× tables, including recognising odd & even numbers Calculate mathematical statements using × and ÷ symbols	Know 3×, 4× and 8× tables	Know tables up to 12 × 12 Use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations Use short multiplication method	Recognise and use square and cube numbers, and know the notation Identify multiples and factors, including finding factor pairs and common factors Use vocabulary: prime numbers, prime factors and composite numbers Know prime numbers up to 19 Multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 or 1000, including decimals Use long multiplication for multiplying numbers of up to 4 digits by one or two digits Divide numbers using standard written short division	Divide numbers using long division, interpreting the remainders as appropriate Use order of operations to carry out calculations

Multiplication and Division: Cross-curricular links

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
		Music- Times tables songs	Scaling Problems - linked to DT and recipes		

Multiplication and Division: Vocabulary

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Multiplication	Consumer of	Multiplication	multiplication	Multiple	multiplication
'	Groups of		•	<u> </u>	•
Multiply	Times	Multiplied by	multiply	Factor	multiple
Multiplied by	Once/twice ten times	Groups of	multiple	Groups of	factor
Multiple	Repeated addition	Product	factor	Product	product
Division	Division	Division	groups of	Left/left over	division
Dividing	Dividing/divide/divided by	Share equally	times	Remainder	inverse
Grouping	Divided into	Array	product	Grouping	square
Sharing	Share equally	Number patterns	repeated addition	Sharing	squared
Doubling	Left/left over	Multiplication fact/division	division	Equal groups of	cube
Halving	One each ten each	fact	dividing	Multiplication facts/division	cubed
array	Group in pair Ten		divide	facts	
	Equal groups of		left over	Inverse	
	Array		remainder	Square	
	Row		share equally	Squared	
	Column		inverse	Cube	
	Multiplication table			cubed	
	Multiplication fact/ division				
	fact				